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|                                         |    |                                                        |
|-----------------------------------------|----|--------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>Asthma</i> , . . . . .               | 2  | Asthma or shortness of breath.                         |
| <i>Dyspepsia</i> , . . . . .            | 3  | Indigestion.                                           |
| <i>Incubus</i> , . . . . .              | 1  | Night-mare.                                            |
| <i>Asthenia</i> , . . . . .             | 4  | Nervous debility.                                      |
| <i>Catarrhus</i> , . . . . .            | 3  | Common cold.                                           |
| <i>Diarrhœa</i> , . . . . .             | 2  | Looseness.                                             |
| <i>Hysteria</i> , . . . . .             | 1  | Hysterics.                                             |
| <i>Arthrodynia</i> , . . . . .          | 3  | Chronic rheumatism.                                    |
| <i>Hemiplegia</i> , . . . . .           | 1  | Palsy of one side.                                     |
| <i>Epilepsia Cerebralis</i> , . . . . . | 1  | Convulsions, or falling sickness.                      |
| <i>Herpes</i> , . . . . .               | 4  | Ringworm, or tetter.                                   |
| <i>Carcinoma mammae</i> , . . . . .     | 1  | Cancerous breast.                                      |
| <i>Scrophula</i> , . . . . .            | 3  | King's evil.                                           |
| <i>Syphilis</i> , . . . . .             | 10 | Venereal disease.                                      |
| <i>Gonorrhœa</i> , . . . . .            |    |                                                        |
| <i>Morbi Infantiles</i> , . . . . .     | 25 | Febrile, and bowel and febrile complaints of children. |

In looking over this, our catalogue of human woes, it will afford an ample subject for the Philosopher who wishes to investigate the causes of diseases and to trace them to their original sources. Many of them no doubt are natural and peculiar to man, but many may be with equal certainty referred to the baneful influence of habits long established, and adopted with the almost unanimous approbation of society; some of which though highly laudable in themselves when used with moderation, may, by being carried to excess, become equally obnoxious and insalutary with those which more glaringly exhibit their mischievous effects; as an instance of this it is only necessary to view a number of men, women and particularly children, released at night from a cotton factory, after a confinement of twelve or fourteen hours, with the exception of one hour for dinner; are their squalid, dejected, and sickly looks to be considered as the usual consequences of moderate labour in the open air or in a well ventilated apartment? No; they are the unerring indices of overstrained industry in an unwholesome and confined atmosphere. Mankind has been justly divided into the selfish and social, or into those whose pleasures principally arise from the gratification of their appetites, and those whose most agreeable sensations originate from their sympathizing with the feelings of others; and men in general are esteemed by their acquaintances in proportion as they may be referred to the latter class; therefore how much more praiseworthy would it be, were the cultivation of the minds as well as the preservation of the health of the working classes an object equally interesting to their employers with the accumulation of wealth. Sure I am that one time or other, perhaps, on the bed of sickness, or at the hour of death, Truth and hoary Time, that trier of all things, would impress on our minds the greatest solace under affliction, viz. the seal of self approbation.

### NATURALIST'S REPORT.

From October 20, till November 20.

21. The Swallows, whose numbers have been gradually decreasing, were no longer observed after this. But the common Wren, the Robin Red-breast, and the Wood-lark, continue in mild bright days to enliven the Country with their songs.

30. This being a mild calm evening, the common Bat (*Vespertilio murinus*) was seen flying.

Wagtails (*Motacilla alba*) which for some time appeared in unusual numbers, have almost all taken their departure.

2. November. The Redwing (*Turdus Iliacus*) appeared.

3. The Hor, or that insect vulgarly called the Bomb Clock (*Scarabæus Stercorarius*) flying about this evening.

5. The Field fare (*Turdus pilaris*) appearing with the Redwing, in much greater quantities than usual at this season.

6. Saffron (*Crocus sativus*) and great blue flowering Aster, (*Aster grandiflorus*) flowering.

8. Found in Belfast market the Dun Diver (*Mergus Castor*) and the Lesser Gullinot (*Uria Minor*) both rare birds.

11. Naked Flowering Crocus (*Crocus nudiflorus*) flowering